UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
-----X
CARL DIAZ,

7/2/2015 4:00 pm

U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
LONG ISLAND OFFICE

FILED CLERK

Plaintiff,

-against-

**ORDER** 

13-CV-7187 (SJF)(SIL)

LOCAL 338 OF THE RETAIL, WHOLESALE, DEPARTMENT STORE UNION, UNITED FOOD AND COMMERCIAL WORKERS,

	Defendant.	
		X
FEUERSTEIN, Distri	ct Judge:	

Pending before the Court is a Report and Recommendation of the Honorable Steven I.

Locke, United States Magistrate Judge, dated May 15, 2015 ("the Report"), recommending that the motion of plaintiff Carl Diaz ("plaintiff") seeking sanctions pursuant to Rules 26 and 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Court's inherent power for alleged discovery abuses by defendant Local 338 of the Retail, Wholesale, Department Store Union, United Food and Commercial Workers ("defendant"), and defendant's cross motion for attorney's fees be denied.

A copy of the Report was served upon the attorneys of record for the parties via ECF on May 15, 2015. (Docket Entry 78). Neither party has filed any objection to the Report, nor sought an extension of time to do so. For the reasons stated herein and in the Report, Magistrate Judge Locke's Report is accepted in its entirety and the motion and cross motion are denied.

## I. DISCUSSION

## A. Standard of Review

Any party may serve and file written objections to a report and recommendation of a

magistrate judge within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy thereof. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(2). Any portion of such a report and recommendation to which a timely objection has been made is reviewed *de novo*. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3). The court, however, is not required to review the factual findings or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to which no proper objections are interposed. See Thomas v. Arn. 474 U.S. 140, 150, 106 S.Ct. 466, 88 L.Ed.2d 435 (1985). Specifically, where, as here, the parties "received clear notice of the consequences of the failure to object" to a report and recommendation, Frank v. Johnson, 968 F.2d 298, 300 (2d Cir. 1992) (quotations and citation omitted), their "failure to object timely to [that] report waives any further judicial review of the report." Id.; see also Caidor v. Onondago County, 517 F.3d 601, 604 (2d Cir. 2008); Roldan v. Racette, 984 F.2d 85, 89 (2d Cir. 1993).

"Although this rule applies equally to counseled and *pro se* litigants, it is 'a nonjurisdictional waiver provision whose violation [the Court] may excuse in the interests of justice." King v. City of N.Y., Dep't of Corrections, 419 F. App'x 25, 27 (2d Cir. Apr. 4, 2011) (quoting Roldan, 984 F.2d at 89); see also DeLeon v. Strack, 234 F.3d 84, 86 (2d Cir. 2000). "Such discretion is exercised based on, among other factors, whether the defaulted argument has substantial merit or, put otherwise, whether the magistrate judge committed plain error in ruling against the defaulting party." Spence v. Superintendent, Great Meadow Corr. Facility, 219 F.3d 162, 174 (2d Cir. 2000); accord King, 419 F. App'x at 27.

## B. Review of Report

Although the Report provided the parties with the requisite "express warning" of the

consequences of a failure to timely file objections thereto, Caidor, 517 F.3d at 603, neither party

has filed any objections to Magistrate Judge Locke's Report, nor sought an extension of time to

do so. Accordingly, the parties have "waive[d] any further judicial review of the findings

contained in the [R]eport." Spence, 219 F.3d at 174. Moreover, as the Report is not plainly

erroneous, the Court will not exercise its discretion to excuse the parties' default in filing timely

objections to the Report in the interests of justice. Accordingly, the Report is accepted in its

entirety and, for the reasons set forth therein, plaintiff's motion for sanctions and defendant's

cross motion for attorney's fees are denied in their entirety.

III. Conclusion

For the reasons set forth herein, Magistrate Judge Locke's Report is accepted in its

entirety, and, for the reasons set forth therein, plaintiff's motion for sanctions and defendant's

cross motion for attorney's fees are denied.

SO ORDERED.

SANDRA J. FEUERSTEIN

United States District Judge

Dated: July 2, 2015

Central Islip, New York

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